

RECLAIMED ASPHALT SHINGLES

Current Status of Use in U.S. A.



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Heritage Research Group

Information Series 138

2nd Annual Asphalt Pavement Industry Survey on

Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement, Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles, and Warm-Mix Asphalt Usage: 2009–2011





Current Use

- * 1,100,000 tons (2010)
 * 1,200,000 tons (2011)
- Manufacture waste
- * Post Consumer (tear off)

Asphalt Shingle Availability

* Supply

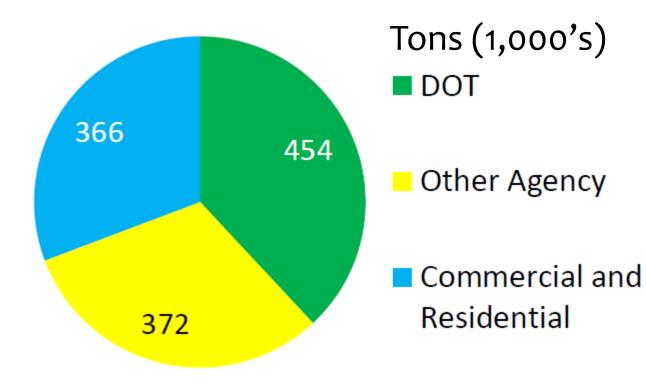
- * Manufacture Waste 1,000,000 tons
- * Post Consumer (tear off) 10,000,000 tons

* Use

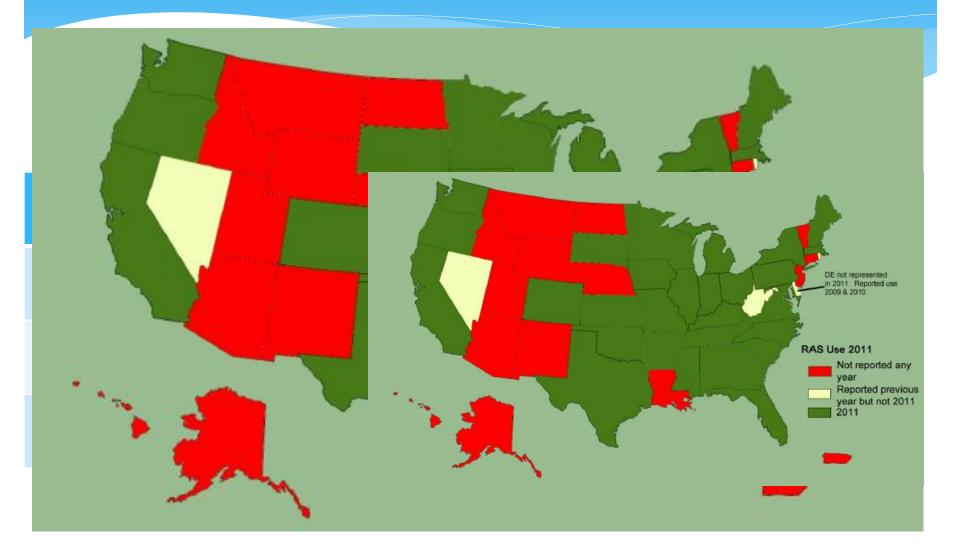
* 1,200,000 tons

RAS Use by Customers

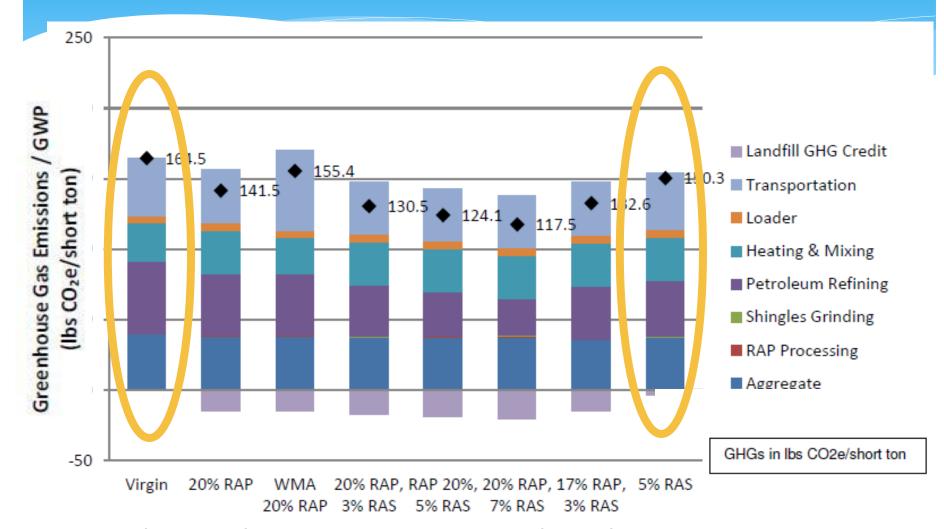
2011



Geographic Distribution of RAS Use



Greenhouse Gas Emissions, U.S. EPA



Analysis of Recycling of Asphalt Shingles in Pavement Mixes from a Life Cycle Perspective, US EPA – Region 8

Why Use Shingles?

- * Shingles contain:
 - * Asphalt binder
 - * Tear-offs : 25 30% binder
 - Manufacture waste: 18 –
 22% binder
 - * Mineral matter
 - * 40 to 60%
 - * granules and fillers
 - * Fibers

* 8 to 12%

- Theoretical value
 - * Asphalt binder
 - * \$125 / ton
 - Mineral aggregates\$15 / ton
- * Cost

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- * Sorting
- * Shredding
 - * \$25 / ton

Positive Economics

- * Material Replacement
 - * Liquid asphalt
 - * Aggregates
 - * Fibers
- Net materials savings
 \$3 to \$6 per ton of mix

	Material Costs (As Used in Mix)				
CALCULATED	RAP Cost / Mix Ton, \$		1.15		
	RAS Cost / Mix Ton, \$		0.75		
	RAP and RAS Cost / Mix Ton, \$		1.90		
	Binder Replacement				
	RAP Binder Replacement, %		1.15		
	RAS Binder Replacement, %		0.60		
	Total Binder Replacement, %		1.75		
	Actual Percent Binder Replacement, %		35.00		
	(Allowable - Actual) Binder Replacement, %		0.00		
	(Allowable - Actual) Asphalt Content, %		0.00		
	Savings				
	RAP Savings / Mix Ton, \$		10.10		
	RAS Savings / Mix Ton, \$		3.90		
	RAP and RAS Savings / Mix Ton, \$		14.00		
	Net Savings / Mix Ton, \$		12.10		
OPTIMIZE RAP AND RAS			23		
		RAS %	3		



AASHTO Standard Practice MP 15-06

- * Use of Reclaimed Asphalt Shingle in HMA
 - Standard definitions for RAS
 - * RAS to be processed
 - * 100% passing 12.5-mm sieve
 - * Allows blending of RAS with fine aggregate
 - Prevent agglomeration
 - Addresses deleterious materials



AASHTO Standard Practice PP 53-06

- Design Considerations when Using Reclaimed Asphalt Shingles in New HMA
 - Design considerations
 - RAS size can affect the fraction of RAS binder that contribute to the final blended binder
 - fibers in RAS may require additional virgin asphalt binder

Previous Grind Specification

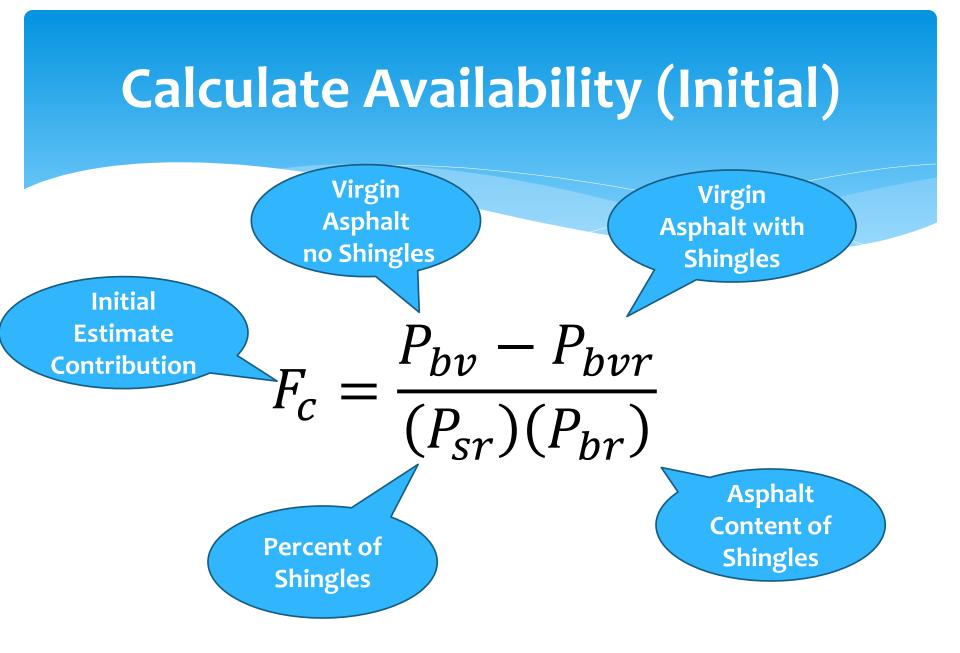
Finer Grind

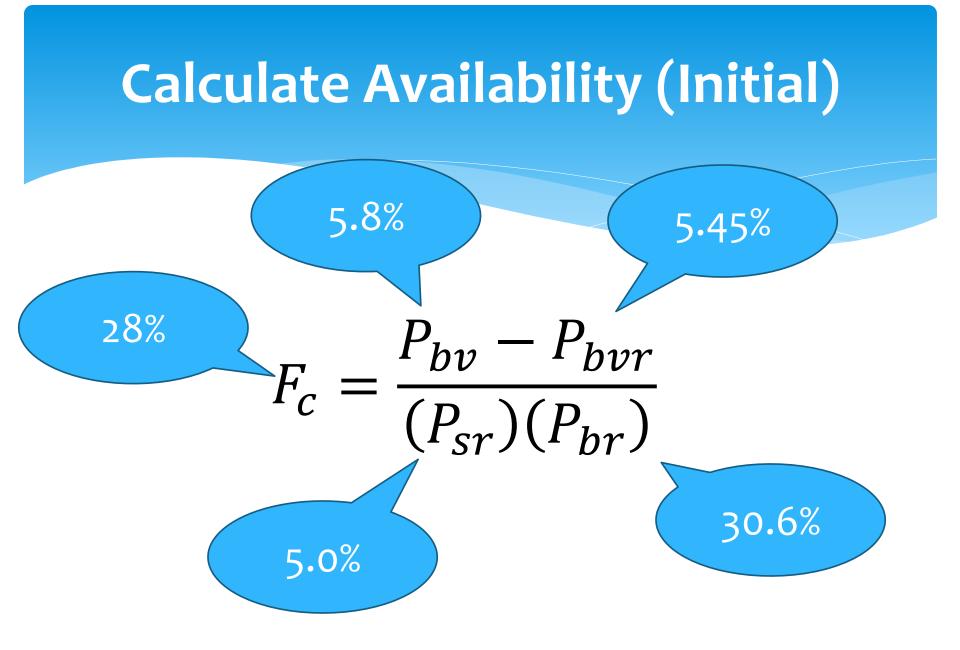
RAS Asphalt Binder Availability

* AASHTO PP 53, Section 6
* Volumetric design w/o shingles
* Virgin asphalt content
* Add Shingles to design
* Asphalt content increases

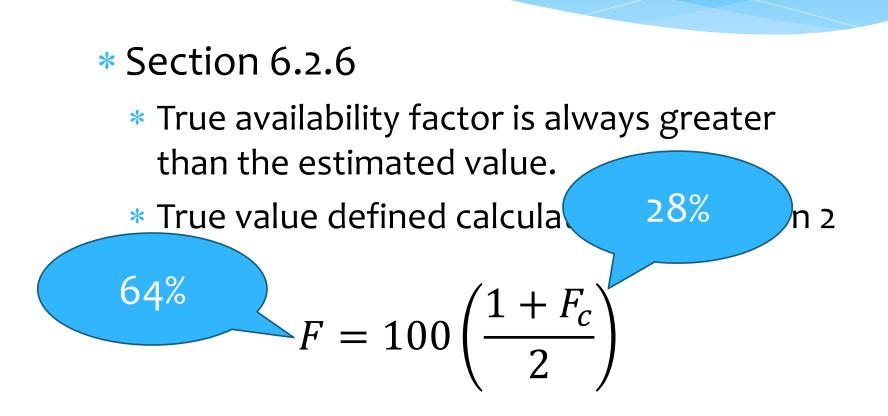
5.45% virgin

1.55% RAS

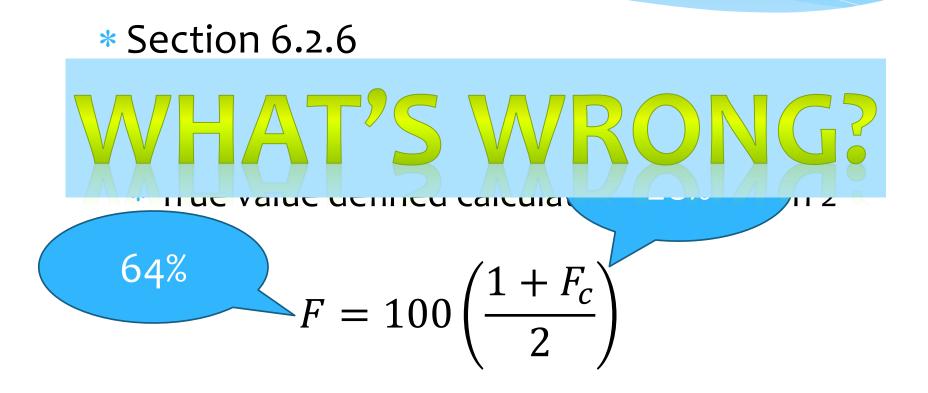




Final Estimate of Asphalt Binder Availability



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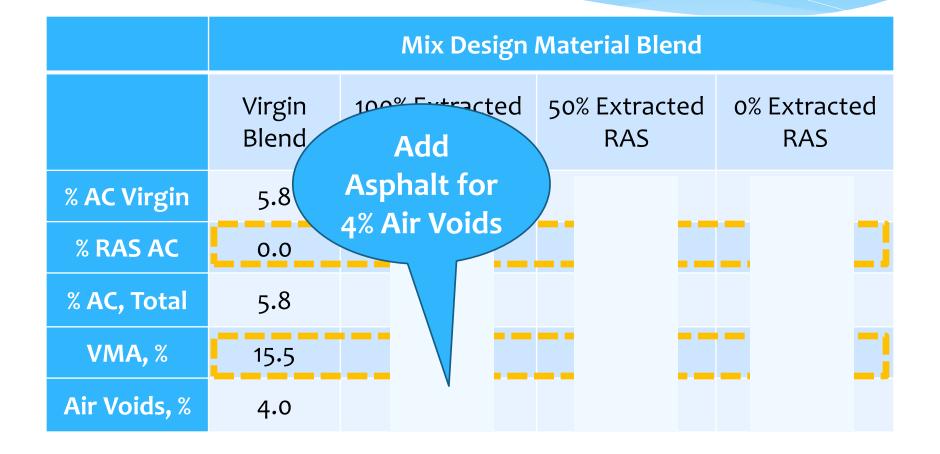
Experiment

- * Design mixture with no shingles
- * Add shingles (with full asphalt content)
 - * Calculate VMA and air voids
- * Add shingles (with half normal asphalt content)
 - * Calculate VMA and air voids
- * Add shingles (with no asphalt content)
 - * Calculate VMA and air voids

Properties of Shingles in Study

Source	Maximum Specific Gravity, G _{mm}	Average Asphalt Content, %	Effective Specific Gravity of the Aggregate, G _{se}
Chicago MW	2.204	19.0	2.615
Indianapolis TOS	1.908	23.2	2.573
Stockton TOS	1.779	30.6	2.619

Design with Stockton Shingles

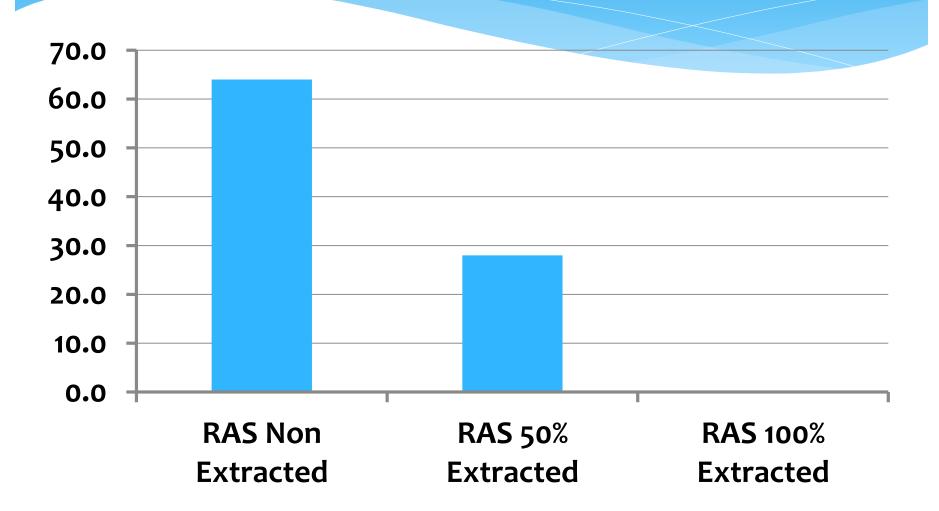


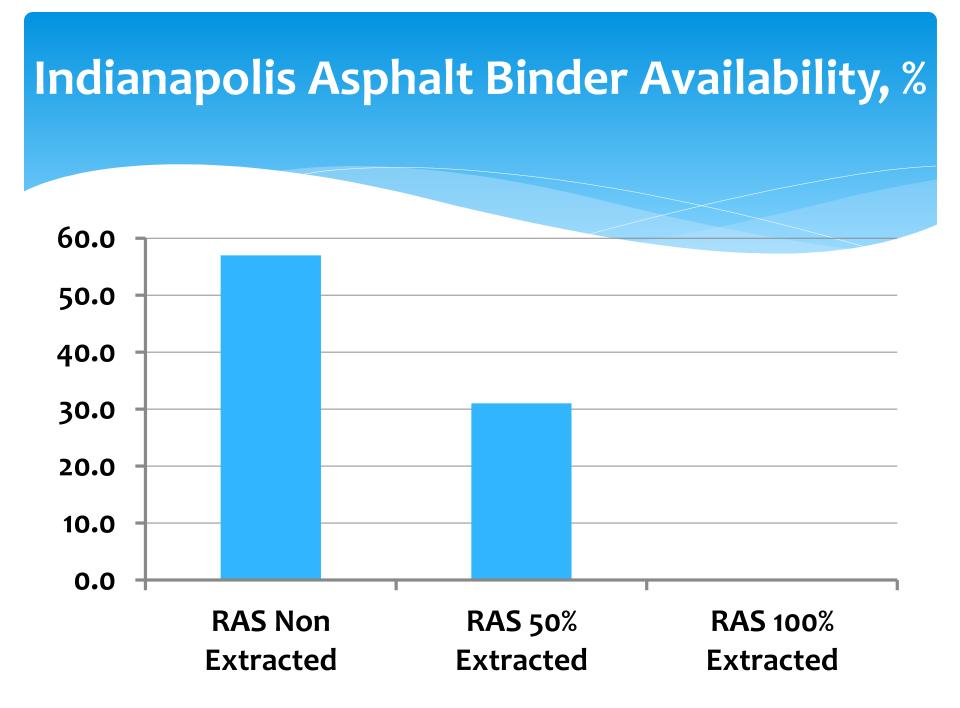
Calculate Availability

 $F_{c} = \frac{P_{bv} - P_{bvr}}{(P_{sr})(P_{br})}$ *Initial

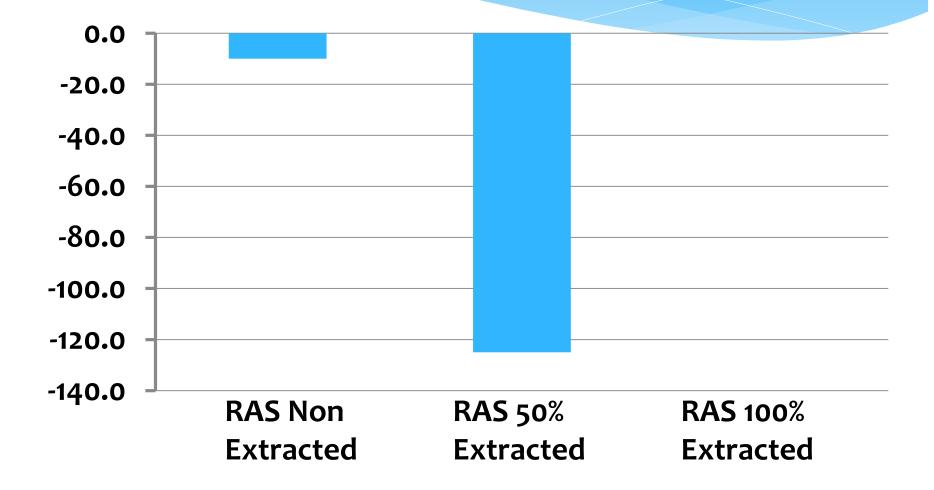
 $F = 100 \left(\frac{1 + F_c}{2} \right)$ * Final

Stockton Asphalt Binder Availability, %





Chicago Asphalt Binder Availability, %



Finding

 * "Asphalt Binder Availability" not related to asphalt binder properties

* Dependent on mineral matter in shingles* Dependent on %AC in the RAS

* Worst for manufacture waste

Next Steps

* Change PP53

- * Remove asphalt binder availability method
 - * Replace with user defined value
- * Require finer grind
- * Balloted December 2013

NCHRP 9-55 Study

Recycled Asphalt Shingles in Asphalt
 Mixtures with Warm Mix Technologies

- * Started June 2013
- * To be completed September 2016
- * Evaluate characteristics of RAS
- * Minimize risk of poor durability

NCHRP 9-55 Study

- Determine effect of shingle asphalt binder on asphalt mix performance properties
 - * Fatigue
 - * Low Temperature Cracking

Outcome??

* Set design guidelines for performance

* Grade of new asphalt binder?
* Maximum asphalt binder ratio?

* Finer grind size?* Homogeneity of the blend

Summary

- * RAS Use is Increasing
- * Positive Greenhouse Gas Benefits
- * Driven by Economics
- * Current AASHTO Specifications Updated
- NCHRP Study to Address Design Method

